## Decimals

## Part I: The basics

Decimals are used to show fractional numbers. The first number behind the decimal is the tenths place, the next is the hundredths place, the next is the thousandths place. Anything beyond that should be changed into scientific notation (which is addressed in another section.)


## Part II: Adding or Subtracting Decimals

To add or subtract decimals, make sure you line up the decimals and then fill in any extra spots with zeros. Add or subtract just like usual. Be sure to put a decimal in the answer that is lined up with the ones in the problem.

| 123.0000 |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| 0.0079 | 27.583 |
| +43.5000 | -0.200 |
| 166.5079 | 27.383 |

## Part III: Multiplying Decimals

Line up the numbers just as you would if there were no decimals. DO NOT line up the decimals. Write the decimals in the numbers but then ignore them while you are solving the multiplication problem just as you would if there were no decimals at all. After you have your answer, count up all the numbers behind the decimal point(s). Count the same number of places over in your answer and write in the decimal.

```
\(3.77 \times 2.8=\) ?
    3.77 (2 decimal places)
\(x\)
    \(\frac{2.8}{3016}\) ( 1 decimal place)
    3016
    +754
    10.556 (3 decimal places)
```


## Part IV: Dividing Decimals

Scenario One: If the divisor (the number after the / or before the ) $\square$ ot have a decimal, set up the problems just like a regular division problem. Solve the problem just like a regular division problem. When you have your answer, put a decimal in the same place as the decimal in the dividend (the number before the / or under the ).


Scenario Two: If the divisor does have a decimal, make it a whole number before you start. Move the decimal to the end of the number, then move the decimal in the dividend the same number of places.

## $3 . 8 \longdiv { 1 6 1 4 . 6 2 }$

Then solve the problem just like a regular division problem. Put the decimal above the decimal in the dividend. (See Scenario One problem).

Practice: Remember to show all your work, include units if given, and NO CALCULATORS! All work and answers go on your answer sheet.

1. $1.678+2.456=$
2. $344.598+276.9=$
3. $1229.078+.0567=$
4. $45.937-13.43=$
5. $199.007-124.553=$
6. $90.3-32.679=$
7. $28.4 \times 9.78=$
8. $\quad 324.45 \times 98.4=$
9. $1256.93 \times 12.38=$
10. $64.5 / 5=$
11. $114.54 / 34.5=$
12. $3300.584 / 34.67=$

## Averages

To find an average, add all the quantities given and divide the total by the number of quantities.
Example: Find the average of $10,20,35,45$, and 105.
Step 1: Add all the quantities. $10+20+35+45+105=215$
Step 2: Divide the total by the number of given quantities. $215 / 5=43$

Practice: Remember to show all your work, include units if given, and NO CALCULATORS! All work and answers go on your answer sheet.
13. Find the average of the following numbers: $11,12,13,14,15,23$, and 29
14. Find the average of the following numbers: $124,456,788$, and 343
15. Find the average of the following numbers: $4.56, .0078,23.45$, and .9872

